

# Kontrolna lista za kontraindikacije za vakcine za odrasle

VAŠE IME \_\_\_\_\_

DATUM ROĐENJA \_\_\_\_\_  
mjesec    dan    godina

**Za pacijente:** Sljedeća pitanja će nam pomoći da odredimo koje vakcine ćete danas primiti. Ako na bilo koje pitanje odgovorite sa "da", to ne znači da ne treba da se vakcinišete. To samo znači da moramo da vam postavimo još pitanja. Ako neko pitanje nije jasno, zamolite svog ljekara da vam objasni.

	da	ne	ne znam
1. Jeste li bolesni danas?	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
2. Da li ste alergični na lijekove, hranu, komponentu vakcine ili lateks?	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
3. Da li ste ikada imali ozbiljnu reakciju nakon što ste primili vakcinu?	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
4. Da li imate neki od sljedećih problema: hronične zdravstvene probleme sa srcem, plućima, bubrezima ili metaboličkim bolestima (kao što je dijabetes), astmu, poremećaj krvi, nedostatak slezine, kohlearni implant ili curenje cerebrospinalne tečnosti? Da li ste na dugotrajnoj terapiji aspirinom?	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
5. Imate li rak, leukemiju, HIV/AIDS ili bilo koji drugi problem sa imunološkim sistemom?	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
6. Da li imate roditelja, brata ili sestru sa problemom imunološkog sistema?	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
7. Da li ste u posljednjih 6 mjeseci uzimali lijekove koji utiču na vaš imunološki sistem, kao što su prednizon, drugi steroidi ili lijekovi protiv raka; lijekove za liječenje reumatoidnog artritisa, Crohnove bolesti ili psorijaze; ili ste bili na zračenju?	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
8. Da li ste imali epileptične napade, moždani ili drugi problem sa nervnim sistemom?	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
9. Da li vam je ikada dijagnosticirano srčano oboljenje (miokarditis ili perikarditis) ili ste imali multisistemski upalni sindrom (MIS-A ili MIS-C) nakon infekcije virusom koji uzrokuje COVID-19?	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
10. Jeste li u protekloj godini primili imuni (gama) globulin, krv/krvne proizvode ili antivirusni lijek?	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
11. Jeste li trudni?	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
12. Da li ste primili bilo kakvu vakcinu u protekle 4 sedmice?	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
13. Jeste li ikada osjetili vrtoglavicu ili nesvjesticu prije, za vrijeme ili nakon primanja injekcije?	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
14. Da li ste zabrinuti zbog toga što primete injekciju danas?	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>

OBRAZAC POPUNIO/LA \_\_\_\_\_ DATUM \_\_\_\_\_

OBRAZAC PREGLEDAO/LA \_\_\_\_\_ DATUM \_\_\_\_\_

**Jeste li donijeli sa sobom svoju karticu o imunizaciji?**    da     ne

Važno je da imate ličnu evidenciju o vašim vakcinacijama. Ako nemate svoj lični dosije, zamolite svog ljekara da vam ga da. Čuvajte ovu evidenciju na sigurnom mjestu i nosite je sa sobom svaki put kada zatražite medicinsku pomoć. Vodite računa da vaš ljekar na njemu zabilježi sve vaše vakcinacije.



Bosnian translation provided by Fargo Cass Public Health

**Immunize.org**

FOR PROFESSIONALS [www.immunize.org](http://www.immunize.org) / FOR THE PUBLIC [www.vaccineinformation.org](http://www.vaccineinformation.org)

[www.immunize.org/catg.d/p4065-bos.pdf](http://www.immunize.org/catg.d/p4065-bos.pdf)  
"Screening Checklist for Contraindications  
to Vaccines for Adults"  
Item #P4065-bos Bosnian (11/6/2023)



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# Information for Healthcare Professionals about the Screening Checklist for Contraindications to Vaccines for Adults

Read the information below for help interpreting answers to the screening checklist. To learn even more, consult the references in Note below.

**NOTE:** For additional details, see CDC's "Adult Immunization Schedule" ([www.cdc.gov/vaccines/schedules/hcp/imz/adult.html](http://www.cdc.gov/vaccines/schedules/hcp/imz/adult.html)) and *General Best Practice Guidelines for Immunization* sections on "Contraindications and Precautions" ([www.cdc.gov/vaccines/hcp/acip-recs/general-recs/contraindications.html](http://www.cdc.gov/vaccines/hcp/acip-recs/general-recs/contraindications.html)) and "Altered Immunocompetence" ([www.cdc.gov/vaccines/hcp/acip-recs/general-recs/immunocompetence.html](http://www.cdc.gov/vaccines/hcp/acip-recs/general-recs/immunocompetence.html)). For more details on COVID-19 vaccines, see "Use of COVID-19 Vaccines in the United States: Interim Clinical Considerations" at [www.cdc.gov/vaccines/covid-19/clinical-considerations/covid-19-vaccines-us.html](http://www.cdc.gov/vaccines/covid-19/clinical-considerations/covid-19-vaccines-us.html).

## 1. Are you sick today? [all vaccines]

There is no evidence that acute illness reduces vaccine efficacy or safety. However, as a precaution, all vaccines should be delayed until moderate or severe acute illness has improved. Mild illnesses with or without fever (e.g., otitis media, "colds," diarrhea) and antibiotic use are not contraindications to routine vaccination.

## 2. Do you have allergies to medications, food, a vaccine ingredient, or latex? [all vaccines]

**Gelatin:** If a person has anaphylaxis after eating gelatin, do not give vaccines containing gelatin. **Latex:** An anaphylactic reaction to latex is a contraindication to vaccines with latex as part of the vaccine's packaging (e.g., vial stoppers, prefilled syringe plungers, prefilled syringe caps). For details on latex in vaccine packaging, refer to the package insert (listed at [www.fda.gov/vaccines-blood-biologics/vaccines/vaccines-licensed-use-united-states](http://www.fda.gov/vaccines-blood-biologics/vaccines/vaccines-licensed-use-united-states)). **COVID-19 vaccine:** History of a severe allergic reaction (e.g., anaphylaxis) after a previous dose or to a COVID-19 vaccine component is a contraindication to use of the same vaccine type. People may receive the alternative COVID-19 vaccine type (either mRNA or protein subunit) if they have a contraindication or an allergy-related precaution to one COVID-19 vaccine type. Allergy-related precautions include history of 1) diagnosed non-severe allergy to a COVID-19 vaccine component; 2) non-severe, immediate (onset less than 4 hours) allergic reaction after a dose of any COVID-19 vaccine type (see Note). **Not contraindications:** **Eggs:** ACIP and CDC do not consider egg allergy of any severity to be a contraindication or precaution to any egg-based influenza vaccine. **Injection site reaction** (e.g., soreness, redness, delayed-type local-reaction) to a prior dose or vaccine component is not a contraindication to a subsequent dose or vaccine containing that component.

## 3. Have you ever had a serious reaction after receiving a vaccine? [all vaccines]

- Anaphylaxis to a previous vaccine dose or vaccine component is a contraindication for subsequent doses of the vaccine or vaccine component. (See question 2.)
- Usually, one defers vaccination when a precaution is present unless the benefit outweighs the risk (e.g., during an outbreak).

## 4. Do you have any of the following: a long-term health problem with heart, lung, kidney, or metabolic disease (e.g., diabetes), asthma, a blood disorder, no spleen, a cochlear implant, or a spinal fluid leak? Are you on long-term aspirin therapy? [MMR, VAR, LAIV]

**LAIV** is not recommended for people with anatomic or functional asplenia, a cochlear implant, or cerebrospinal fluid (CSF) leak. Underlying health conditions that increase the risk of influenza complications such as heart, lung, kidney, or metabolic disease (e.g., diabetes) and asthma are precautions for LAIV. **MMR:** A history of thrombocytopenia or thrombocytopenic purpura is a precaution to MMR. **VAR:** Aspirin use is a precaution to VAR due to the association of aspirin use, wild type varicella infection, and Reye syndrome in children and adolescents.

## 5. Do you have cancer, leukemia, HIV/AIDS, or any other immune system problem? [LAIV, MMR, VAR]

Live virus vaccines are usually contraindicated in immunocompromised people, with exceptions. For example, MMR vaccine is recommended and VAR may be considered for adults with CD4+ T-cell counts of greater than or equal to 200 cells/mL. See Note.

## 6. Do you have a parent, brother, or sister with an immune system problem? [MMR, VAR]

MMR or VAR should not be administered to a patient with congenital or hereditary immunodeficiency in a first-degree relative (e.g., parent, sibling) unless the patient's immune competence has been verified clinically or by a laboratory.

## 7. In the past 6 months, have you taken medicines that affect your immune system, such as prednisone, other steroids, or anticancer drugs; drugs for the treatment of rheumatoid arthritis, Crohn's disease, or psoriasis; or have you had radiation treatments? [LAIV, MMR, VAR]

Live virus vaccines should be postponed until chemotherapy or long-term high-dose steroid therapy concludes. See Note. Some immune mediator and modulator drugs (especially anti-tumor necrosis factor [TNF] agents) may be immunosuppressive. Avoid live virus vaccines in people taking immunosuppressive drugs. A list of such drugs appears in CDC's Yellow Book at [www.wnc.cdc.gov/travel/yellowbook/2024/additional-considerations/immunocompromised-travelers](http://www.wnc.cdc.gov/travel/yellowbook/2024/additional-considerations/immunocompromised-travelers).

## 8. Have you had a seizure or a brain or other nervous system problem? [influenza, Td/Tdap]

**Tdap:** Tdap is contraindicated in people with a history of encephalopathy within 7 days following DTP/DTaP. An unstable progressive neurologic problem is a precaution to using Tdap. For people with stable neurologic disorders (including seizures) unrelated to vaccination, vaccinate as usual. **A history of Guillain-Barré syndrome (GBS):** 1) **Td/Tdap:** GBS within 6 weeks of a tetanus toxoid-containing vaccine is a precaution; if the decision is made to vaccinate, give Tdap instead of Td; 2) **all influenza vaccines:** GBS within 6 weeks of an influenza vaccine is a precaution; influenza vaccination should generally be avoided unless the benefits outweigh the risks (e.g., for those at high risk for influenza complications).

## 9. Have you ever been diagnosed with a heart condition (myocarditis or pericarditis) or have you had Multisystem Inflammatory Syndrome (MIS-A or MIS-C) after an infection with the virus that causes COVID-19?

Precautions to COVID-19 vaccination include a history of myocarditis or pericarditis within 3 weeks after a dose of any COVID-19 vaccine or a history of Multisystem Inflammatory Syndrome (MIS-C or MIS-A). Myocarditis or pericarditis within 3 weeks after a dose of any COVID-19 vaccine is a precaution: the patient should generally not receive additional COVID-19 vaccine. A person with a history of myocarditis or pericarditis unrelated to vaccination may receive a COVID-19 vaccine once the condition has completely resolved. A person with a history of MIS-C or MIS-A may be vaccinated if the condition has fully resolved and it has been at least 90 days since diagnosis. Refer to CDC COVID-19 vaccine guidance for additional considerations for myocarditis, pericarditis, and MIS (see Note).

## 10. In the past year, have you received immune (gamma) globulin, blood/blood products or an antiviral drug? [MMR, VAR, LAIV]

See Note (schedule) for antiviral drug information (VAR, LAIV). See "Timing and Spacing of Immunobiologics" ([www.cdc.gov/vaccines/hcp/acip-recs/general-recs/timing.html#antibody](http://www.cdc.gov/vaccines/hcp/acip-recs/general-recs/timing.html#antibody)) for intervals between MMR, VAR and certain blood/blood products, or immune globulin.

## 11. Are you pregnant? [HPV, HepB, IPV, LAIV, MenB, MMR, VAR]

**Live virus vaccines** (e.g., LAIV, MMR, VAR) are contraindicated in pregnancy due to the theoretical risk of virus transmission to the fetus. People who could become pregnant and receive a live virus vaccine should be instructed to avoid pregnancy for 1 month after vaccination. **IPV and MenB** should not be given except to those with an elevated risk of exposure during pregnancy. **HepB:** HepB and PreHevBrio are not recommended during pregnancy, use Engerix-B or Recombivax-HB. **HPV** is not recommended during pregnancy.

## 12. Have you received any vaccinations in the past 4 weeks? [LAIV, MMR, VAR, yellow fever]

People given live virus vaccines, such as those listed above, should wait 28 days before receiving another live virus vaccine (wait 30 days for yellow fever vaccine). Inactivated vaccines may be given at the same time or at any spacing interval.

## 13. Have you ever felt dizzy or faint before, during, or after a shot?

Fainting (syncope) or dizziness is not a contraindication or precaution to vaccination; it may be an anxiety-related response to any injection. CDC recommends vaccine providers consider observing all patients for 15 minutes after vaccination. See Immunize.org's resource on vaccination and syncope at [www.immunize.org/catg.d/p4260.pdf](http://www.immunize.org/catg.d/p4260.pdf).

## 14. Are you anxious about getting a shot today?

Anxiety can lead to vaccine avoidance. Simple steps can help a patient's anxiety about vaccination. Visit Immunize.org's "Addressing Vaccination Anxiety" clinical resources at [www.immunize.org/handouts](http://www.immunize.org/handouts).

### VACCINE ABBREVIATIONS

HepB = Hepatitis B vaccine  
HPV = Human papillomavirus vaccine  
IIV = Inactivated influenza vaccine  
ccIIV = Cell culture inactivated influenza vaccine

IPV = Inactivated poliovirus vaccine  
LAIV = Live attenuated influenza vaccine  
MenB = Meningococcal B vaccine  
MMR = Measles, mumps, and rubella vaccine

RIV = Recombinant influenza vaccine  
Td/Tdap = Tetanus, diphtheria, (acellular pertussis) vaccine  
VAR = Varicella vaccine