Standing orders for other vaccines are available at www.immunize.org/standing-orders. NOTE: This standing orders template may be adapted per a practice's discretion without obtaining permission from Immunize.org. As a courtesy, please acknowledge Immunize.org as its source.

# STANDING ORDERS FOR Administering Influenza Vaccine to Children and Teens

# **Purpose**

To reduce morbidity and mortality from influenza by vaccinating all children and adolescents who meet the criteria established by the Centers for Disease Control and Prevention's Advisory Committee on Immunization Practices (ACIP).

# **Policy**

Where allowed by state law, standing orders enable eligible nurses, pharmacists, and other healthcare professionals to assess the need for vaccination and to vaccinate children and adolescents who meet any of the criteria below.

#### **Procedure**

# 1 Assess Children and Adolescents for Need of Vaccination against Influenza

- All people 6 months of age and older are recommended to receive influenza vaccination each year.
- A second dose of influenza vaccine is recommended 4 weeks or more after the first dose for children age 6 months through 8 years if they have not or don't know if they have received 2 doses in prior years (not necessarily in the same season).
- A second dose is needed for a 9-year-old child who received one dose in the current season when they were age 8 years, if they have not or don't know if they have received 2 doses in prior years.
- IIV4 or RIV4 may be administered at any time before, after, or simultaneously with other recommended vaccines. Quadrivalent live attenuated influenza vaccine (LAIV4) may be administered without regard to timing of non-live vaccines but should be administered on the same day or at least 4 weeks apart from another live virus injectable vaccine.

#### 2 Screen for Contraindications and Precautions

#### Not a contraindication or precaution:

ACIP and CDC do not consider egg allergy of any severity to be a contraindication or a precaution to administration of any influenza vaccine (egg-based or non-egg-based). People with any type of egg allergy may receive any IIV4, RIV4, or LAIV4 that is otherwise appropriate for their age and health status. Safety meaures beyond those recommended for receipt of any vaccine are not recommended. Refer to the current season's ACIP influenza recommendations for additional details at www.cdc.gov/vaccines/hcp/ACIP-recs/vacc-specific/flu.html.

#### Contraindications for use of all influenza vaccines

- Do not give any egg-based inactivated influenza vaccine (IIV4) to a child or teen who has experienced a serious systemic or anaphylactic reaction to any component of the vaccine (except egg), or to a prior dose of any influenza vaccine (i.e., egg-based IIV, cell culture-based IIV [ccIIV], recombinant influenza vaccine [RIV], or live attenuated influenza vaccine [LAIV]).
- Do not give ccIIV4 to a child or teen who has experienced a serious systemic or anaphylactic reaction to any component of ccIIV4 or to a prior dose of any ccIIV.
- Do not give any RIV4 to a teen age 18 years or older who has experienced a serious systemic or anaphylactic reaction to any component of RIV4 or to a prior dose of RIV.
- Do not give any LAIV4 to a child or teen who has experienced a serious systemic or anaphylactic reaction to any component of LAIV4 or to a prior dose of any influenza vaccine (egg-based IIV, ccIIV, RIV, or LAIV).

For a list of vaccine components, refer to the manufacturer's package insert (www.immunize.org/fda) or go to www.fda.gov/vaccines-blood-biologics/vaccines/vaccines-licensed-use-united-states.

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#### Additional contraindications for use of LAIV4 only

Do not give LAIV4 to a child or adolescent who

- is pregnant
- is age 2 through 4 years who has received a diagnosis of asthma or who has experienced wheezing or asthma within the past 12 months, based on a healthcare provider's statement or medical record
- has functional or anatomic asplenia, or a cochlear implant
- has active communication between CSF and the oropharynx, nose, or ear or any other cranial CSF leak
- is immunocompromised due to any cause (including immunosuppression caused by medications or HIV infection)
- is age 6 months through 17 years and is receiving aspirin- or salicylate-containing medicine
- received influenza antivirals before scheduled vaccination (zanamivir or oseltamivir within 48 hours; peramivir within 5 days; baloxavir within 17 days). If any of these antiviral drugs are taken within 14 days after LAIV4, revaccinate with IIV4 or RIV4.
- is a close contact of a severely immunosuppressed person who requires a protected environment

#### Precautions for use of all influenza vaccines

- Moderate or severe acute illness with or without fever
- History of Guillain-Barré syndrome within 6 weeks of a previous influenza vaccination

#### Precautions for use of ccIIV4 and RIV4

- History of a serious systemic or anaphylactic reaction to a previous dose of any egg-based IIV, LAIV, or RIV is a precaution to use of ccIIV4.
- History of a serious systemic or anaphylactic reaction to a previous dose of any egg-based IIV, ccIIV, or LAIV, is a precaution to use of RIV4.

Influenza vaccine contraindications and precautions for children and teens with a history of serious systemic or anaphylactic reaction to a previous dose of an influenza vaccine are summarized in the table below.

VACCINE ASSOCIATED WITH	AVAILABLE 2023-24 INFLUENZA VACCINES			
PREVIOUS SERIOUS OR ANAPHYLACTIC REACTION	Egg-based IIV4 and LAIV4	ccIIV4	RIV4	
Any egg-based-IIV or LAIV	Contraindication	Precaution*	Precaution*	
Any ccIIV	Contraindication	Contraindication	Precaution	
Any RIV	Contraindication	Precaution*	Contraindication	
Unknown influenza vaccine	Allergist consultation recommended			

<sup>\*</sup> Use of ccIIV4 and RIV4 in such instances should occur in an inpatient or outpatient medical setting under the supervision of a healthcare provider (HCP) who can recognize and manage severe allergic reaction. HCPs may consider consulting with an allergist to help identify the vaccine component responsible for the reaction.

#### Precautions for use of LAIV4 only

- Age 5 years or older with asthma
- Other chronic medical conditions that might predispose the person to complications of influenza infection (e.g., other chronic pulmonary, cardiovascular [excluding isolated hypertension], renal, hepatic, neurological/neuromuscular, hematologic, or metabolic disorders [including diabetes mellitus])

#### 3 Provide Vaccine Information Statements

Provide all patients (or, in the case of minors, their parent, or legal representative) with a copy of the most current federal Vaccine Information Statement (VIS). Provide non-English speaking patients with a copy of the VIS in their native language, if one is available and desired; these can be found at www.immunize.org/vis. (For information about how to document that the VIS was given, see section 6 titled "Document Vaccination.")





# 4 Prepare to Administer Vaccine

For vaccine that is to be administered intramuscularly, choose the needle gauge, needle length, and injection site according to the following chart:

AGE OF CHILD	NEEDLE GAUGE	NEEDLE LENGTH	INJECTION SITE
Infants age 6 through 11 months	22-25	1"	Anterolateral thigh muscle
Age 1 through 2 years	22-25	1-11/4"	Anterolateral thigh muscle <sup>†</sup>
		<sup>5</sup> /8 <sup>‡</sup> -1"	Deltoid muscle of arm
Age 3 through 10 years	22-25	<sup>5</sup> /8 <sup>‡</sup> -1"	Deltoid muscle of arm <sup>†</sup>
		1-11/4"	Anterolateral thigh muscle
Age 11 years and older	22-25	<sup>5</sup> /8 <sup>‡</sup> -1"	Deltoid muscle of arm <sup>†</sup>
		1-1½"	Anterolateral thigh muscle

<sup>†</sup> Preferred site.

For LAIV4, which is administered intranasally, prepare the vaccine according to directions in the package insert.

# 5 Administer Influenza Vaccine according to the age of patient and desired route of vaccination described below:

TYPE OF VACCINE	AGE GROUP	DOSE	ROUTE	INSTRUCTIONS <sup>§</sup>
Inactivated influenza vaccine (IIV4)	6-35 months	Afluria: 0.25 mL Fluarix: 0.5 mL Flucelvax: 0.5 mL FluLaval: 0.5 mL Fluzone: 0.25 or 0.5 mL	Intramuscular (IM)	Administer vaccine in anterolateral thigh muscle; alternatively, children age 12 through 35 months may receive injection in deltoid muscle.
Inactivated influenza vaccine (IIV4)	3 years and older	0.5 mL	Intramuscular (IM)	Administer vaccine in deltoid muscle or, alternatively, in anterolateral thigh muscle.
Recombinant influenza vaccine (RIV4)	18 years and older	0.5 mL	Intramuscular (IM)	Administer vaccine in deltoid muscle.
Live attenuated influenza vaccine (LAIV4)	Healthy, age 2 years and older (except if pregnant)	0.2 mL (0.1 mL into each nostril)	Intranasal spray (NAS)	Spray half of vaccine into each nostril while the patient is in an upright position.

**NOTE:** For children age 6 months through 8 years who 1) are receiving influenza vaccine for the first time, 2) have had fewer than two prior doses of influenza vaccine in all previous years, or 3) don't know their influenza vaccine history, administer two doses separated by at least 4 weeks.

#### **6 Document Vaccination**

Document each patient's vaccine administration information and follow up in the following places:

**Medical record:** Record the date the vaccine was administered, the manufacturer and lot number, the vaccination site and route, and the name and address and, if appropriate, the title of the person administering the vaccine. You must also document, in the patient's medical record or office log, the publication date of the VIS and the date it was given to the patient (parent/legal representative). Note that medical records/charts should be documented

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<sup>‡</sup> A <sup>5</sup>/8" needle may be used in patients weighing less than 130 lbs (<60 kg) for IM injection in the deltoid muscle only if the skin is stretched tight, the subcutaneous tissue is not bunched, and the injection is made at a 90-degree angle to the skin.

<sup>§</sup> For complete instructions on how to administer influenza vaccine, see "How to Administer Intramuscular and Intranasal Influenza Vaccines" at www.immunize.org/catg.d/p2024.pdf.

and retained in accordance with applicable state laws and regulations. If vaccine was not administered, record the reason(s) for non-receipt of the vaccine (e.g., medical contraindication, patient refusal); discuss the need for vaccine with the patient (or, in the case of a minor, their parent or legal representative) at the next visit.

**Personal immunization record card:** Record the date of vaccination and the name/location of the administering clinic. **Immunization Information System (IIS) or "registry":** Report the vaccination to the appropriate state/local IIS.

## 7 Be Prepared to Manage Medical Emergencies

Be prepared for management of a medical emergency related to the administration of vaccine by having a written emergency medical protocol available, as well as equipment and medications. For Immunize.org's "Medical Management of Vaccine Reactions in Children and Teens in a Community Setting," go to www.immunize.org/catg.d/p3082a.pdf. For Immunize.org's "Medical Management of Vaccine Reactions in Adult Patients in a Community Setting," go to www.immunize.org/catg.d/p3082.pdf. To prevent syncope in older children, vaccinate patients while they are seated or lying down and consider observing them for 15 minutes after receipt of the vaccine.

## 8 Report All Adverse Events to VAERS

Report all adverse events following the administration of influenza vaccine to the federal Vaccine Adverse Event Reporting System (VAERS). To submit a VAERS report online (preferred) or to download a writable PDF form, go to https://vaers.hhs.gov/reportevent.html. Further assistance is available at (800) 822-7967.

# **Standing Orders Authorization**

This policy and procedure shall remain in effect for all patients of the	
effective until rescinded or until	
Medical Director/	DATE

