## When Do Children and Teens Need Vaccinations?

Age	HepB Hepatitis B	RSV- mAb	DTaP/Tdap Diphtheria, tetanus, pertussis (whooping cough)	Hib Haemophilus influenzae type b	IPV Polio	PCV Pneumo- coccal conjugate	<b>RV</b> Rotavirus	MMR Measles, mumps, rubella	Vari- cella Chickenpox	HepA Hepatitis A	COVID-19	Dengue	HPV Human papillomavirus	Men- ACWY	MenB	Influenza Flu	
														Mening	ococcal		
at Birth	<b>/</b>	<b>/</b> 2															
2 months	~	(0-7 mos)	~	~	<b>/</b>	~	~										
4 months	1		<b>'</b>	V	<b>V</b>	/	/										
6 months	/		<b>'</b>	<b>1</b>	/	/	1									V	
8 months	(6-18 mos)				(6-18 mos)											(6 mos and	
12 months		2 (8-19		/		/		/	/	VV						older)	
15 months		mos)	(15-18 mos)	(12-15 mos)	_	(12-15 mos)		(12-15 mos)	(12-15 mos)	(2 doses given 6 months	doses given 6 months art routinely tage 12–23 months)  epA vaccine epA vaccine recommended			l w	ne dose ea inter. Some	e children	
18 months										at age 12-23				n	eed 2 doses	an age 9 years es; ask your thcare provider I needs more es.  Influenza vaccine is recommend- ed every year for everyone age 6 months and older	
19-23 months										HepA vaccine				if			
4-6 years			~		~			~	/	(2 doses) is also recommended	for everyone age 6 months and older						
7-10 years										for children and teens not	ot	<b>VVV</b> 5					
11-12 years			✔ (Tdap)							previously vaccinated		Dengue vaccine is	ed 6,7	~			
13-15 years												recommended for certain children					
16-18 years												chilaren		<b>/</b>	8,9,10		

## **NOTES** 1 Your child may not need this dose depending on the brand of vaccine that your healthcare provider uses.

- 2 Infants whose mother did not receive an RSV vaccination during pregnancy and who are younger than 8 months 0 days should receive RSV preventive antibody (RSV-mAb) before or during the RSV season (typically October through March). Certain high-risk children (8 through19 months) will need RSV-mAb before theiir second RSV season.
- **3** This dose of DTaP may be given as early as age 12 months if it has been 6 months since the previous dose.
- 4 Children age 5 years or older generally need only one dose. The number of doses for children age 6 months through 4 years is determined by the vaccine brand.
- 5 Children ages 9 through 16 years who live in Puerto Rico, American Samoa, U.S. Virgin Islands, Federated States of Micronesia, Republic of Marshall Islands, and the Republic of Palau, and have lab-confirmed previous dengue infection are recommended to receive a 3-dose series of dengue vaccine.
- 6 HPV vaccine is routine at age 11 or 12 years but may be started at age 9.

- 7 Children with certain medical conditions will need a third dose.
- 8 This vaccine may be given to healthy teens. It is also recommended for adolescents with certain health conditions.
- 9 Your teen may need an additional dose depending on your healthcare provider's recommendation.
- 10 When MenACWY and MenB vaccines are both needed, a MenABCWY combination vaccine may be used.

